

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BromiCide® Tablets

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : BromiCide® Tablets
Product code : Not available.
Chemical name : Biocide
Other means of identification : BromiCide® Tablets
Product type : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Biocide

Uses advised against

Reason : None identified.

Supplier's details : BWA Water Additives US LLC
 A Company of Italmatch Chemicals Group

5544 Oakdale Road SE
 Smyrna
 USA
 GA 30082
 404-696-6711
 Monday - Friday (9.00 - 17.00)

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : For Chemical Emergency Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident Call
 CHEMTREC Day or Night:
 National contact
 +1-800-424-9300
 International Emergency Telephone number: +1-703-527-3887 (call collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements

- : Danger
- : May intensify fire; oxidizer.
- : Harmful if swallowed.
- : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

General

Prevention

Response

Storage

Disposal

Hazards not otherwise classified

- : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- : Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- : Store locked up.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Chemical name

Other means of identification

- : Mono-constituent substance
- : Biocide
- : BromiCide® Tablets

CAS number/other identifiers

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CAS number : 16079-88-2

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1-bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl-	96	16079-88-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

BromiCide® Tablets - This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label: DANGER Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. EPA Reg. No.83451-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim

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to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing

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apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). dry chemical |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : | Oxidizing material. May intensify fire. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| Remark | : | Not applicable. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See |

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also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** :
- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** :
- Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** :
- Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** :
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from heat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** :
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** :
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area,

away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Protect from moisture. Separate from acids. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products

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if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Physical state | : | solid [PLATES, TABLETS] |
| Color | : | White. / Off-white. |
| Odor | : | Slight |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. |
| pH | : | 3.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1.5 g/l] |
| Melting point | : | 156 - 162 °C (313 - 324 °F) |
| Boiling point | : | Not available. |
| Flash point | : | Not available. |
| Fire point | : | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Lower: Not available.
Upper: Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. |
| Relative density | : | 0.9 Bulk density |
| Solubility | : | Partially soluble in the following materials:
water
Decomposes in water. |

Solubility in water	:	Partially soluble in the following materials: water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	0.35
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available. Kinematic: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Oxidizing material. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
Chemical stability	:	Decomposes in water. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing or intensifying fire
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from acids. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials strong alkalis strong acids
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced., In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes., Decomposition products may include the following materials:, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, HBr, Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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BromiCide® Tablets				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	578 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Corrosive to the skin.
Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
BromiCide® Tablets	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not mutagenic in Ames test.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain
 watering
 redness
Inhalation : No specific data.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact : Causes severe burns.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 redness
 blistering may occur
Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
BromiCide® Tablets			
	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout	96 h
	Acute EC50 0.46 mg/l	Water flea	48 h
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.		
	Acute LC50 > 640 mg/l	Mollusca	96 h

Conclusion/Summary : Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Biodegradable

Conclusion/Summary : Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
BromiCide® Tablets	0.35	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	3085	3085	3085	3085	3085	3085
UN proper shipping name	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Bromo-Chloro-Dimethylhydantoin)
Transport hazard class(es)	5.1 (8) 	5.1 (8) 	5.1 (8) 	5.1 (8) 	5.1 (8) 	5.1 (8)

Packing group	III	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Hazard identification number: 58**
Tunnel code: E

IMDG : **Emergency schedules (EmS): F-A, S-Q**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:** bromochloro-5,5-dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione;
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) : Not listed

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I : Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II : Not listed

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor : Not listed

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential : Not listed

Chemicals)

SARA 302/304**Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

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Classification : OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 3
 ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4
 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : None of the components are listed.
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : None of the components are listed.
- Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

None of the components are listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Annex A - Elimination - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex A - Elimination - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex C - Unintentional - Production

None of the components are listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

None of the components are listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**Heavy metals - Annex 1**

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

Inventory list

Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.

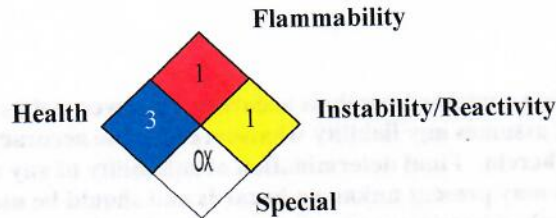
Section 16. Other information

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Date of issue/Date of revision: 04/14/2020

Date of previous issue: 00/00/0000

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 3	Expert judgment
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Expert judgment
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Expert judgment
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Expert judgment

History

- Date of printing** : 03/09/2020
- Date of issue/Date of revision** : 04/14/2020
- Date of previous issue** : 00/00/0000
- Version** : 1.0
- Prepared by** : POLLAD
- Key to abbreviations** :
 - ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 - BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 - GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 - IATA = International Air Transport Association
 - IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 - IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 - LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 - MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.